#### **Syllabus**

#### Syllabus is divided in 5 themes as follows:

- **1.** Theme I: Basic sciences as applied to Pediatrics, Respiratory system, Hematology, oncology, Endocrinology.
- 2. Theme II: Neonatology and community Pediatrics
- **3.** Theme III Cardiovascular, Emergency, Critical Care, Accidents and Poisoning, Eye, ENT, Orthopedics, skin diseases, Behavioral, developmental and psychiatric disorders
- 4. Theme IV: Infections, Immunology and Rheumatology
- 5. **Theme V:** Neurologic disorders and disabilities, Nephrologic and Urologic disorders, Gastrointestinal and liver disease

#### The details of syllabus are as follows:

**Theme I:** Basic sciences as applied to Pediatrics, Respiratory system, Hematology, oncology, Endocrinology.

# **Basic Sciences**

- Principles of inheritance, chromosomal disorders, single gene disorders, multifactorial / polygenic disorders, genetic diagnosis and prenatal diagnosis, pedigree drawing.
- Genetics: Genetic syndromes and their inheritance. Role of genetics in different systemic diseases.
- Embryogenesis of different organ systems especially heart, genitourinary system, gastro-intestinal tract. Applied anatomy and functions of different organ systems.
- Vitamins and their functions.
- Growth and development at different ages, growth charts; puberty and its regulation.
  - principles of growth and development
  - normal growth and development,
  - normal growth and development
  - sexual maturation and its disturbances
  - failure to thrive and short stature
  - Autism
- Immunisation
- Basic immunology.
- Nutrition
  - 1. maternal nutritional disorders;
  - 2. nutrition for the low birth weight impact on fetal outcome
  - 3. breast feeding
  - 4. infant feeding including
  - 5. vitamin and mineral deficiencies complementary feeding
  - 6. protein energy malnutrition
  - 7. obesity
  - 8. adolescent nutrition
  - 9. parenteral and enteral nutrition
  - 10. nutritional management of systemic illness (GI, hepatic, renal illness)

#### • Immunization-

• Bacterial, viral, killed, live attenuated, sub unit , recombinant vaccines with their schedule doses and route of administration, other new vaccines.

#### Respiratory

- congenital and acquired disorders of nose
- infections of upper respiratory tract tonsils and adenoids
- obstructive sleep apnea
- congenital anomalies of lower respiratory tract
- acute upper airway obstruction
- foreign body in larynx trachea and bronchus
- trauma to larynx
- subglottic stenosis (acute, chronic)
- neoplasm of larynx and trachea
- bronchial asthma
- bronchiolitis
- acute pneumonia, bronchiolitis
- aspiration pneumonia, GER
- recurrent, interstitial pneumonia
- suppurative lung disease
- atelectasis
- lung cysts, mediastinal mass
- pleural effusion

#### Hematology and Oncology

- Deficiency anemias
- hemolytic anemias
- Aplastic anemia
- pancytopenia
- Thrombocytopenia
- disorders of hemostasis

- Blood component therapy
- transfusion related infections
- Bone marrow transplant/stem cell transplant
- acute and chronic leukemia
- Myelodysplastic syndrome
- lymphoma
- Neuroblastoma
- hypercoagulable states

#### Endocrinology

- Hypopituitarism/hyperpituitarism
- diabetes insipidus
- Pubertal disorders
- hypo and hyper-thyroidism
- adrenal insufficiency
- cushing's syndrome
- Adrenogenital syndromes
- diabetes mellitus
- Hypoglycemia
- short stature
- Gonadal dysfunction and intersexuality
- obesity

Theme II: Neonatology and community Pediatrics

## Neonatology

- perinatal care
- low birth weight
- care in the labor room and resuscitation
- newborn feeding
- prematurity
- respiratory distress
- common transient phenomena

- apnea
- infections
- anemia and bleeding disorders
- jaundice
- gastrointestinal disorders
- neurologic disorders
- malformations
- renal disorders
- understanding of perinatal medicine
- thermoregulation and its disorders

#### **Social/Community Pediatrics**

- national health programs related to child health
- IMNCI
- Vaccines: constituents, efficacy, storage, contraindications and adverse reactions and adverse events following immunization (AEFI)
- Rationale and methodology of pulse polio immunization
- child labor, abuse, neglect,
- Protection of children against sexual abuse
- disability and rehabilitation
- rights of the child
- National policy of child health and population
- juvenile delinquency
- Adoption
- Principles of prevention, control of infections (food, water, soil, vector borne)

# Theme III – Cardiovascular, Emergency, Critical Care, Accidents and Poisoning, Eye, ENT, Orthopedics, skin diseases, Behavioral, developmental and psychiatric disorders

#### Cardiovascular

- congenital heart diseases (cyanotic and acyanotic)
- rheumatic fever and rheumatic heart disease

- infective endocarditis
- arrhythmia
- disease of myocardium
- diseases of pericardium (cardiomyopathy, myocarditis)
- systemic hypertension
- hyperlipidemia in children

#### **Emergency, Critical Care, Accidents and Poisoning**

- Emergency care of shock
- cardio-respiratory arrest
- Respiratory failure
- acute renal failure
- Status epilepticus
- acute severe asthma
- Fluid and electrolyte disturbances
- acid-base disturbances
- Poisoning
- accidents
- Scorpion and snake bites

#### ENT

- Acute and chronic otitis media
- hearing loss
- Post-diphtheritic palatal palsy
- acute/chronic tonsillitis/adenoids
- Allergic rhinitis/sinusitis
- foreign body

#### Skin diseases

- Exanthematous illnesses
- vascular lesions
- Pigment disorders

- Infections
- Steven johnson syndrome
- Atopic, seborrheic dermatitis
- drug rash
- Alopecia
- icthyosis

#### Eye problems

- Refraction and accommodation
- partial/total loss of vision
- Cataract
- night blindness
- Strabismus
- conjunctival and corneal disorders
- Disorders of retina, including tumors

#### Orthopedics

- Major congenital orthopedic deformities
- bone and joint infections
- Common bone tumors

#### Behavioral, developmental and psychiatric disorders

- Rumination, pica
- enuresis, encopresis
- Sleep disorders
- habit disorders
- Breath holding spells
- anxiety disorders
- Mood disorders
- temper tantrums
- Attention deficit hyperactivity disorders
- autism

# Theme IV: Infections, Immunology and Rheumatology

#### Infections

- Bacterial (including tuberculosis)
- viral (including HIV)
- Fungal
- parasitic
- Rickettssial
- mycoplasma
- Protozoal and parasitic
- nosocomial infections
- Control of epidemics and infection prevention
- safe disposal of infective material

#### **Immunology and Rheumatology**

- Arthritis (acute and chronic)
- vasculitides
- Immunodeficiency syndromes
- systemic lupus erythematosus
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# Theme V: Neurologic disorders and disabilities, Nephrologic and Urologic disorders, Gastrointestinal and liver disease

#### Neurologic disorders and disabilities

- Seizure and non-seizure paroxysmal events
- epilepsy, epileptic syndromes
- Meningitis, encephalitis
- brain abscess
- Febrile encephalopathies
- Guillain-Barre syndrome

- Neurocysticercosis and other neuroinfestations
- HIV encephalopathy
- SSPE
- Cerebral palsy
- Neurometabolic disorders
- Neurodegenerative disorders
- Neuromuscular disorders
- Mental retardation
- Learning disabilities
- Muscular dystrophies
- Acute flaccid paralysis and afp surveillance
- Malformations
- Movement disorders
- Tumors

## Nephrologic and Urologic disorders

- Acute and chronic glomerulonephritis
- xanthema syndrome
- Hemolytic uremic syndrome
- urinary tract infection
- VUR and renal scarring
- involvement in systemic diseases
- Renal tubular disorders
- neurogenic bladder, voiding dysfunction
- Congenital and hereditary renal disorders
- renal and bladder stones
- Posterior urethral valves
- hydronephrosis
- Undescended testis, hernia, hydrocoele
- Wilms tumor

#### Gastrointestinal and liver disease

• disease of oral cavity

- disorders of deglutition and esophagus
- peptic ulcer disease
- congenital pyloric stenosis
- intestinal obstruction
- acute and chronic pancreatic disorders
- malabsorption syndrome
- acute and chronic diarrhea
- irritable bowel syndrome
- inflammatory bowel disease
- Hirschsprung disease
- anorectal malformations
- hepatitis
- hepatic failure
- chronic liver disease
- Budd-Chiari syndrome
- metabolic diseases of liver
- cirrhosis and portal hypertension